

Maternity Care Simulation

Case:

COVID-19 Crash C-Section

Authors:

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Target population:

Perimeter Screeners, OB Staff/Residents, OBCU Nurses, Anesthesia Staff/Residents, RTs

Objectives

Group	Objective
Perimeter Screeners	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Complete a full screening questionnaire under duress. -Identify need for, and implement, isolation of patient/family member. -Communicate to Triage team incoming COVID+ Patient and properly direct patient to OB triage.
Obstetricians	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Recognize need for PPE, and don appropriate protective equipment for various clinical scenarios. -Demonstrate situational awareness in recognizing abnormal FHR and communicate to other health professionals the urgency of the situation. -Prioritize personal and staff protection while working to manage a time sensitive emergency.
Nurses	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Complete appropriate screening and ensure patient and staff are wearing appropriate precautions. -Communicate effectively the presence, location, and transfer of a likely covid patient to other key team members to enable preparation.
Anesthesiologists	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Recognize the need for airborne precautions; ensure you and your team are adequately protected.

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Balance the time needed for donning of protective equipment with that of an emergency c-section; staff safety takes precedence. -Ensure clear communication strategies are employed with all care providers. -Correctly Don/Doff appropriate level of PPE utilizing a spotter -Modify your airway management to reduce aerosolization.
Respiratory Therapist	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Recognize need for Enhanced Aerosol PPE and correctly don/doff. -Use cognitive aids developed to assist Anesthesiologist with airway management.
Neonatology Team	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Practice workflow involved in managing a preterm neonate delivered from a COVID+ mother requiring resuscitation

Simulated case summary:

29-year-old female @35 weeks GA G2T1POAOL1, with PPROM and preterm labour, history of previous C/S 4 years ago. Husband is a truck driver who was self-isolating at home after a positive screen, but the patient has developed a sore throat and fever of 39°C. Presents with rupture of membranes and in labour. In triage, FHR drops to 60 and does not recover despite any intervention, triggering the requirement for an emergency c-section.

Scenario Requirements

Equipment	Moulage	Confederates	Adjuncts <small>(e.g. Imaging, bloodwork, forms)</small>
<input type="checkbox"/> COVID Swab <input type="checkbox"/> Tocometer <input type="checkbox"/> C-Section Tray <input type="checkbox"/> GlideScope <input type="checkbox"/> 2 nd Gen LMA <input type="checkbox"/> ETT <input type="checkbox"/> Bougie <input type="checkbox"/> COVID Cart <input type="checkbox"/> NICU equipment <input type="checkbox"/> "PPE" stickers	<input type="checkbox"/> None Required	<input type="checkbox"/> Husband/Family	<input type="checkbox"/> Antenatal History

Participants:

Actual Identity	Role in Scenario
Somebody from Sim Team	Husband/Family member (confederate)

Time required for simulation:

Event	Duration
Set-up	20 min
Simulation	20 min
Debrief	45 min

Baseline simulator physiologic state:

(leave blank if not relevant)

HR: 83	BP: 118/79	RR: 18	SpO2: 97%
Temp: 37.7	FHR: 118	Other:	

Neuro	GCS15, anosmia
Resp	Mild Wheezing throughout chest. Otherwise GAEB.
CVS	Normal S1 S2 no murmurs
GI	Mild nausea, no vomiting
GU	Normal
Other	FM+, ongoing LOF, pink discharge, contraction q 5-7 min for the past 2 hours, increasing in intensity in the past hour. Fetus in breech position

Full background information for scenario:

(For the information of instructors/confederates only. Information provided to participants as appropriate for scenario)

HPI	29yo G2T1 at 35 weeks, confirmed PPROM (still obviously leaking - no speculum exam needed.) History strongly suggestive of COVID infection. Presents in labour and subsequently has a prolonged deceleration in FHR that does not recover, necessitating a crash section.	
OB History	GBS negative. 35 weeks GA. Uneventful Pregnancy thus far; No gHTN, no GDM. Previous c-section in 2016 at 39+6 for failure to progress at 7cm and atypical FHR . Known breech.	
PMHx	Mild Asthma, but otherwise healthy. PUGA. NKDA.	
ROS	Fever, sore throat, and known covid-positive contact with husband. FM+, gush of clear fluid at 0600 ongoing leaking since, soaking through pads, pink discharge, feeling contractions for the past 2 hours, increasing frequency and intensity (pain 10/10) in the past hour.	
Meds	PNV	
Allergies	NKDA	
P/E	General	Unremarkable
	Wt/Ht	90kg/170cm
	Vitals	AVSS as above
	CNS/LOC	GCS15

	CVS	Normal
	Resp	Mild Wheezing; otherwise normal. Airway reassuring Malampatti II, good MO, neck ROM.
	Abdo	Soft, nontender. Gravid uterus, SFH measuring 36 cm
	Pelvic	Cervix 4cm/80%, sp-2, breech
Investigations	GBS negative. Previous CBC from 4 months ago unremarkable. Known Rh+, WBC 4.0 Hb 110, Plt 250, Cr 65, AST 50, ALT 60, normal electrolytes Real time scan (if performed): breech presentation, low amniotic fluid levels	

Information for participants:

Instructions about what information should be given to participants, including background and instructions regarding behaviour, scripted phrases, trigger points, etc.

Participant	Initial information provided
Screening Nurse/Volunteer	N/A -- no pre-brief other than to inform potential participants about the PPE convention with stickers to preserve actual PPE.

Scenario timeline:

Stage 1: Initial Presentation

Objectives addressed by this stage: Appropriate screening of Patient, intact chain of communication from perimeter to Triage			
Key event(s) in this stage: Perimeter Screen, Transfer to OBCU Triage and into an assessment room while COVID precautions taken.			
Patient information	Scenario adjuncts (e.g. confederate tasks, environmental cues, results)	Expected Behaviours (i.e. observed and 'what if')	Progression if expected behaviours not met
History/condition: 29yo G2T1 at 35 weeks, 1 day history of sore throat and fever ad 39C. Hx previous c-section in 2016. Presents with PPROM and preterm labour. Normal FM, leaking since 0600 clear fluid, pink discharge, contractions q5-7 mins for the past 2 hours, more intense in the past hour.	Patient presents to B1 for screen. Positive screen from symptoms and contact history.	Screening staff request patient + family perform hand hygiene and don mask. - Contact OB triage to alert to incoming COVID+ patient.	Patient will increasingly moan/cry out if screening person does not respond urgently

Known breech presentation. GBS negative Patient in active labour			
Vital signs: Triage assessment HR 89 BP 118/79 RR 18 FHR 120-135 w/ minimal variability		Triage Nurse- Recognizes COVID+ status. - Re-Screening performed, appropriate PPE donned. - Patient moved to assessment room with appropriate signage. -Consideration for COVID swab to be performed - OB team alerted to patient.	
Physical Exam: Unremarkable Mild wheezing Cervix 4cm/80%/sp-2/ breech			

Stage 2: Non-Reassuring FHR and decision to proceed to emergency c-section

Objectives addressed by this stage: Clear communication and early planning between teams (triage to OB and charge nurse; charge nurse to OR team/OB/Anesthesia/RT)			
Key event(s) in this stage: FHR drop recognized and organization of OR and transfer of patient occurs for an emergency caesarean section in suspected COVID patient.			
Patient information	Scenario adjuncts (e.g. confederate tasks, environmental cues, results)	Expected Behaviours (i.e. observed and 'what if')	Progression if expected behaviours not met
History/condition: astient continues to moan in pain, still leaking FHR drops to 60 shortly after OB team		Obstetrician- Dons appropriate contact/droplet PPE and assesses patient. -FHR drop recognized, and appropriate resuscitative measures taken (vaginal exam, LUD, IV start/fluid	

<p>arrives - does not respond to intrauterine resusc. measures</p> <p>Worsening abdominal pain with bright red blood per vaginal;</p>		<p>bolus; if sat checked need for supplemental O2 recognized, but no more than 6L/min applied).</p> <p>-Communication with Charge nurse, remainder of OB team, and Anesthesia + RT + NICU RE: potential need for emergency section of covid+ patient, preterm, previous C/S and breech.</p> <p>-communicates to patient/partner need for urgent c.section with verbal consent discussion</p>	
<p>Vital signs: Maternal HR 120 R 20 BP 100/70 SaO2 94% (96% if any O2 provided) FHR 60</p>		<p>Nursing/Charge Nurse-</p> <p>Alerts OR team to open/prepare for crash section in covid+ patient.</p> <p>-Ensures clear communication and early alert of all individuals involved (Nurses, OB, Anesthesia, RT, NICU).</p> <p>-Ensures appropriate PPE available and ready for staff involved in anticipated emergency C/S by placing PPE in the red designated square outside OR#7 (PROTECTED droplet/contact with enhanced PPE).</p> <p>-Communicates to team once OR prepared.</p> <p>-IV started, bloodwork sent (or discussion with anesthesia about starting in OR).</p> <p>-Assign "clean" person to open doors etc. on route to OR#7</p>	

<p>Physical Exam: Abdominal tenderness cx 4 cm dilated sp-2 (if not yet done by triage nurse) presenting part palpable and felt to be breech.</p>		<p>Anesthesia-Prepares medications and equipment. -Calls for COVID cart -Verbalizes plan for General Anesthetic -Second anesthetist called; RT called if not done already. -Ensures proper enhanced Airborne precautions donned by all involved with airway management. -Communicates to team when ready for patient.</p>	
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Stage 3: Induction of General Anesthesia and caesarean section

<p>Objectives addressed by this stage: Communication, coordination, and execution of a caesarean section under general anesthesia, with reduction in individuals present during aerosol generation (intubation). Coordination of handoff of baby in a covid+ patient to NICU.</p>			
<p>Key event(s) in this stage: Patient intubated, caesarean section performed, baby handed off to NICU team.</p>			
Patient information	Scenario adjuncts (e.g. confederate tasks, environmental cues, results)	Expected Behaviours (i.e. observed and 'what if')	Progression if expected behaviours not met
<p>History/condition: No change in maternal status. FHR remains unresponsive to any intrauterine resuscitation</p>		<p>OB team – PROTECTED contact/droplet with Enhanced PPE -Prep/Drape Patient and help nursing staff to urgently prepare patient for section (see tasks below) -discussion about minimal # of people needed -perform pre-anesthetic surgical pause -Perform C/S -OB to place baby in sterile draped Joey bed</p>	

<p>Vital signs: start -> induction HR 98 -> 72 BP 127/89 -> 98/66 RR 24 -> apnea FHR 60 ->60</p>		<p>Nursing -Monitors applied, foley inserted, patient wedged, ESU pad applied -Only critical staff in room for intubation -Remainder of staff return to room wearing PROTECTED contact/droplet + enhanced PPE once intubation complete -Minimize OR door opening -circulating nurse passes the baby on Joey bed to the OR corridor to NICU admissions RN</p>	
<p>Physical Exam: Unchanged</p>		<p>Anesthesia -Pre-Oxygenate -IV antibiotics administered -Perform covid-specific RSI once OB ready. -Intubation with minimum number of individuals for assistance wearing PROTECTED contact/droplet + enhanced PPE -Usual maintenance of anesthetic, may include pre-emptive vasopressor. -Discussion of extubation options and disposition.</p>	
<p>Other:</p>	<p>COVID 19 NICU resusc. team = Admissions Team RN, RRT, 1 medical team member</p>	<p>NICU – Admissions team RN dons PROTECTED contact/droplet + enhanced PPE outside OR scrub corridor -receive baby from circulating nurse in the OR corridor, cover bed with plastic cover and transfer to NICU procedure room (B4-260) for resuscitation</p>	

Stage 4: Emergence and transfer of patient to Room 228 for recovery

Objectives addressed by this stage: Communication, coordination, and execution of emergence and extubation of patient, as well as transfer to recovery room.			
Key event(s) in this stage: Patient extubated and transferred to Room 228 for recovery.			
Patient information	Scenario adjuncts (e.g. confederate tasks, environmental cues, results)	Expected Behaviours (i.e. observed and 'what if')	Progression if expected behaviours not met
History/condition: Vitals stable throughout section. No difficulty oxygenating or ventilating. No hemodynamic instability or bleeding.		OB team - Complete c-section. - Review blood loss and confirm uterine tone.	
Vital signs: GA -> emergence HR 68 -> 88 BP 100/70 -> 115/78 RR vent -> 14		Nursing - Only essential documentation brought in to OR. - Patient chart kept outside room - ?Reduction of unnecessary individuals in the OR for extubation. - No re-entry into room for 15 minutes without PPE. - Ensure room 228 is prepared to receive patient with contact/droplet precautions used.	
Physical Exam: Unchanged Adequate uterine tone, EBL 800mL, foley in place draining clear urine.		Anesthesia - Communicates stability of patient and plan for extubation and transfer to 228 for recovery. - Reduces unnecessary staff in room. - Modifies extubation plan to reduce	

		<p>aerosolization and coughing.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">- Communicates need to keep room clear of any unprotected staff for 15 minutes.- Face mask set to <6L/min for transfer.- Ensures a 'clean' individual to open doors and transfer patient to room 228.- Appropriately Doffs PPE.	
Other:		<p>NICU -- see NICU documents for plan re: resuscitation of preterm infant</p>	

Discussion and Debriefing Guide:

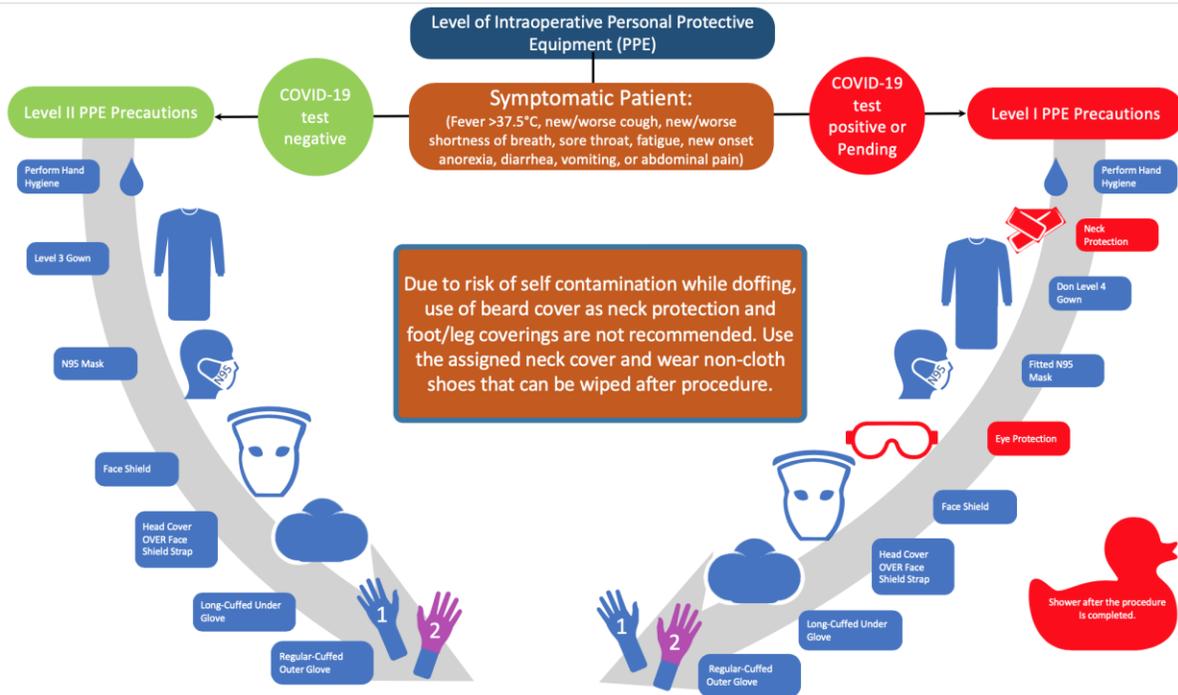
Error Type	Common Errors Observed	Teaching Points
Technical Skills		
Crisis Resource Management		
Latent Safety Threats		

Resources:

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) in the Perioperative Environment

Location	Types of Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)	Details
Holding area (Pre-op)	Droplet + Contact precautions	Surgical mask , Isolation gown, Gloves and Eye protection.
Intraoperative (Anesthetic administration & surgical procedures are considered aerosol-generation medical procedures (AGMP))	Level I; symptomatic suspected/infected patients (Test is positive for COVID-19)	Level I: Fit tested N95 respirator, disposable goggles, full face shield, hair bouffant, level 4 gown Gloves that cover the wrists, and neck protection
	Level II; Symptomatic with –ve test or Asymptomatic (status is unknown)	Level II: Level I: Fit tested N95 respirator, full face shield, hair bouffant, level 3 or higher gown and Gloves that cover the wrists.
	Droplet; Asymptomatic and test is negative for COVID-19	Droplet + Contact Precautions
PACU	Droplet + Contact precautions	Surgical mask , Isolation gown, Gloves and Eye protection. Note: Transferred to PACU; after the patient is extubated in the OR and 15 minutes lapsed (no airway issues)

Modified from Public Health Ontario; Updated IPAC Recommendations for Use of Personal Protective Equipment for Care of Individuals with Suspect or Confirmed COVID-19. March 25, 2020



Women's and Children's Care

Management of Labour, Birth and Postpartum Care for Patient Under Investigation (PUI) or With Confirmed COVID-19 Infection

Patient assessed in Triage/ED and determined to be PUI or patient transfer with confirmed COVID-19 infection:

1. Initiate Droplet/Contact precautions in private/isolation room. Ensure proper signage
2. BC RN performs hand hygiene and dons PPE for droplet/contact
3. Triage RN transfers patient to designated COVID-19 room and OBCU RN receives handover from Triage RN.
4. Confirm COVID-19 Order set initiated and swabs completed as ordered
5. Limit visitors – 1 support person (must be masked at all times)
6. **Ensure notification: to the appropriate OB/GP/MW team. Notify NICU CN, OB anesthesia, and OB RT.**
7. Follow [Patient Management Flow & Communication Flowmap \(OBCU Website – COVID\)](#)
8. Monitor patient for respiratory deterioration – vital signs as ordered
9. Continuous fetal monitoring where ordered (fetal heart rate changes will occur prior to maternal signs and O2 Sat monitoring)

Obstetrical Assessment or Vaginal Delivery

- Droplet/Contact precautions
- Notify NICU/RT/Anesthesia of PUI
- Mask not required for patient and visitor if admitted to private/isolation room. Mask is required outside of room **AND** at any transfer points
- Routine contraindications for epidural apply
- Essential staff only
- Call NICU to delivery and advise of precautions
- Initial assessment of baby by NICU
- Resuscitation of baby in designated COVID rooms (do not use main NICU resusc rm)
- Discuss with family re: infant feeding options as soon as possible (see guidance in "Neonatal Management for COVID-19" section)

C-section in OR 7 (OR 5 back-up)

- COVID-19 is not an indication for C-Section
- Airborne/Droplet/Contact precautions
- Notify NICU/RT/Anesthesia of PUI
- Anesthesia & RT only for intubation/extubation
- Essential staff only for OR case
- Resuscitation of baby in NICU Procedure Rm (do not use main NICU resusc rm)
- NO SWABS to be completed in any Operating Room
- After delivery move to private/isolation room for recovery
- OR can be entered without enhanced PPE after 30 min. Droplet Contact PPE maintained for cleaning.

Mother COVID-19 NEGATIVE

Mother COVID-19 POSITIVE OR PUI

Mother COVID-19 NEGATIVE

Assess ongoing Precautions as per Infection Control
ROUTINE CARE

Baby Born + Mother Well

- Initiate **SEPARATE Droplet/Contact precautions**
- Initiate Mask for Patient
- Monitor patient for respiratory deterioration – vital signs as ordered
- Monitor infant as ordered, for COVID-19 symptoms & complete serial swabs at birth, 24, and 72hrs.
- Recovery to occur in private/isolation room (Consider OBCU discharge)
- if required - transfer mother + partner, wearing masks, to isolation room on MBCU
- Discuss Risk:
 - Isolation/separation
 - Contact with precaution
 - Feeding options

See [Neonatal Management Flowmap](#) and [MBCU Flowmap](#)

Baby born + Mother Unwell

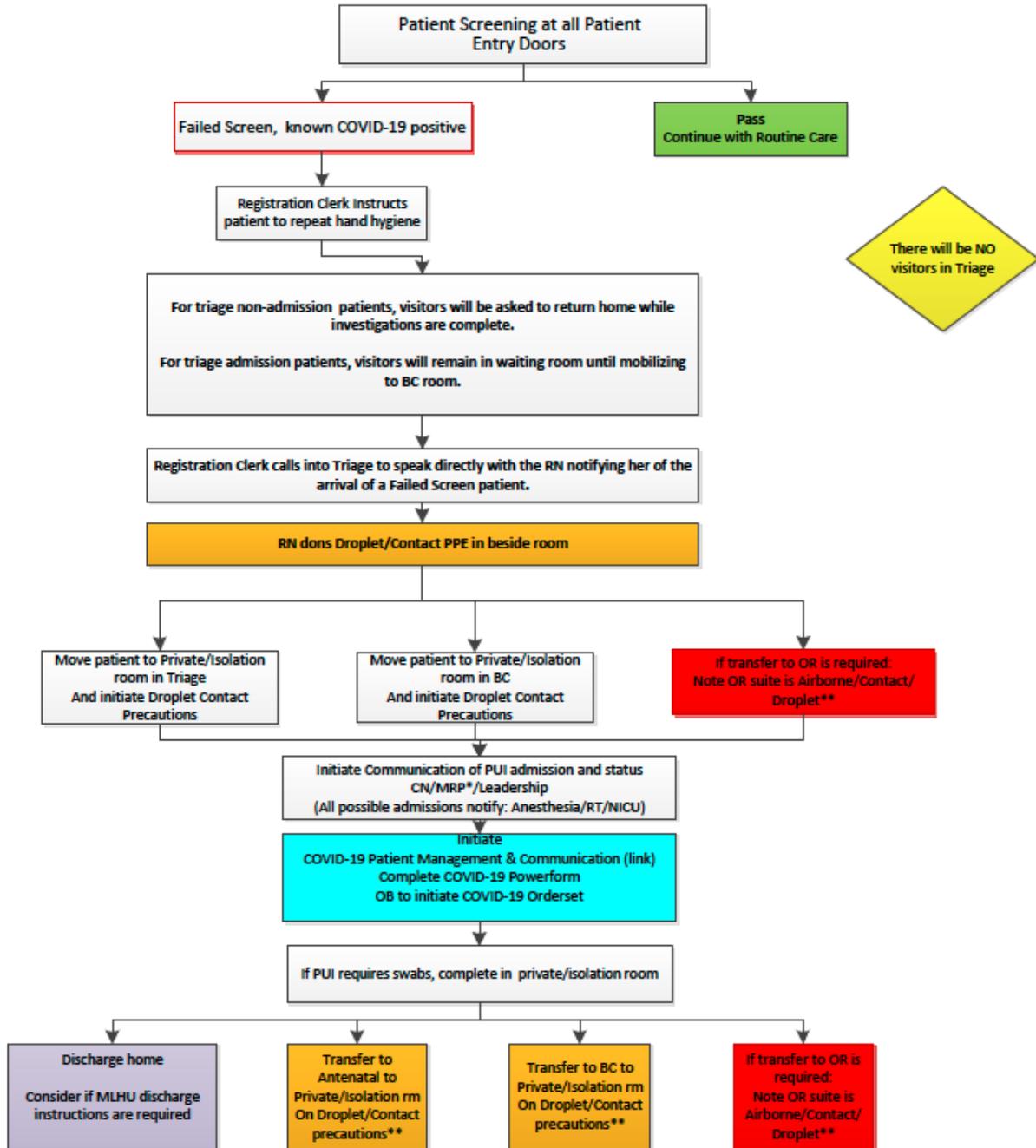
- Maintain Droplet/Contact precautions
- Monitor patient for respiratory deterioration – vital signs as ordered
- Patient and visitor to maintain mask
- Mom remaining in OBCU: Recovery to occur in private/isolation room
- Mom requiring transfer to CCTC: transfer under droplet/contact
- Transfer well baby with partner (masked) to private room on MBCU
- Discuss Risk:
 - Isolation/separation
 - Contact with precaution
 - Feeding options

See [Neonatal Management Flowmap](#) and [MBCU Flowmap](#)

Assess ongoing Precautions as per Infection Control, Patient can recover in PACU
ROUTINE CARE



Obstetrical Care Triage Department: Admitting Process



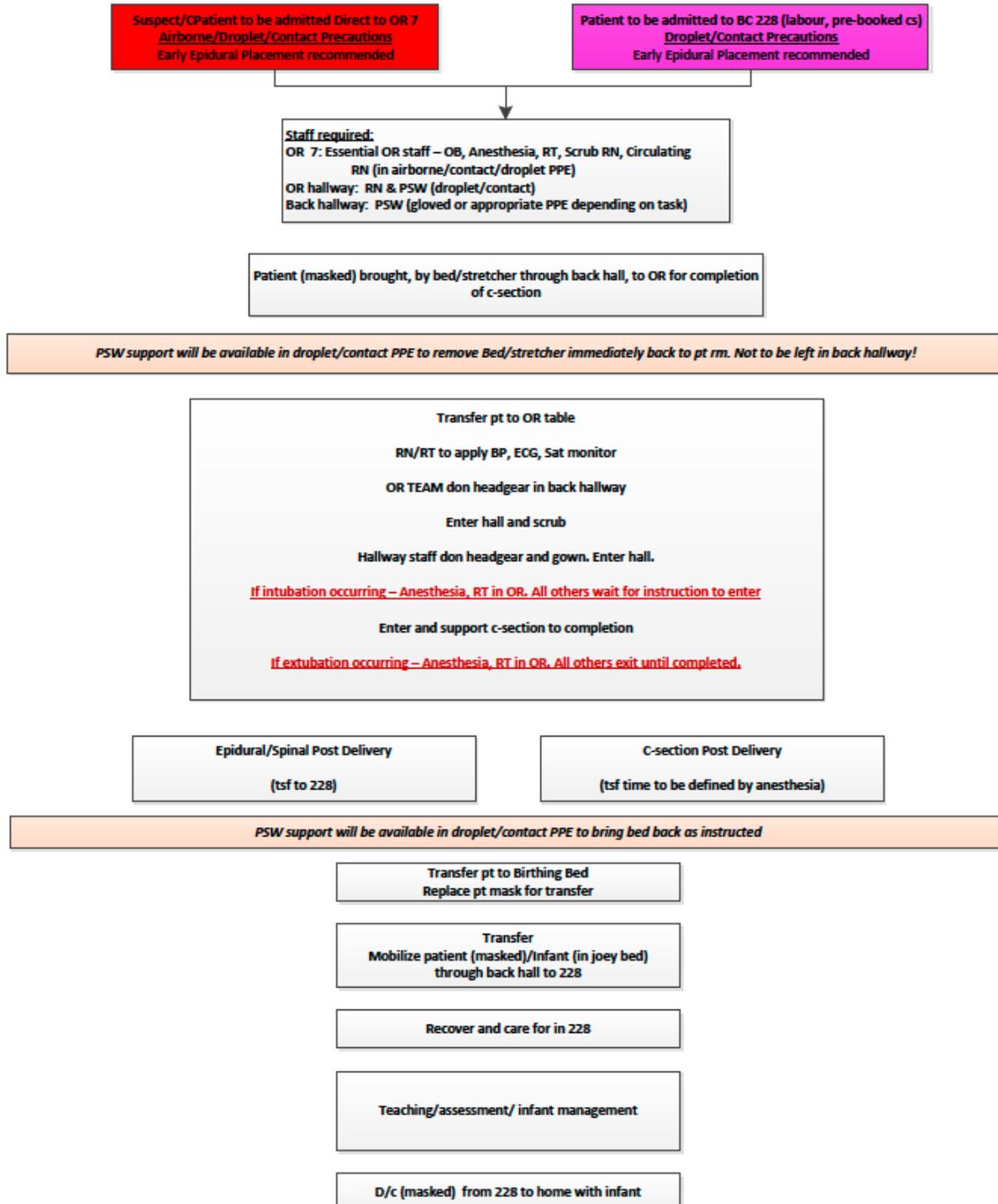
There will be NO visitors in Triage

LEGEND	
ARI	Acute Respiratory Infection
D + C	Droplet and Contact Precautions
MRP	Most Responsible Physician/Midwife
PUI	Person Under Investigation

Mask not required for patient and support person in private/isolation room. Mask is required outside of room **AND** at any transfer points. Consider patient and support person in isolation until testing complete

** Ensure signage posted and precaution order in Cerner

Obstetrical Care Operating Room: Process



Mask not required for patient in private/isolation room.
Mask is required outside of room AND at any transfer points
Consider patient and support person in isolation until testing complete

** Ensure signage posted and precaution order in Cerner